

# Stormwater Outfall Resiliency Master Planning in the Nation's Oldest City FSA 2020 Annual Conference July 17, 2020

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#### **Presentation Outline**

## Background of the City – Flood Perspective

- Resiliency Planning Efforts
- Stormwater Outfall Resiliency Master Plan
- Implementation of Resiliency Projects
  - Grant Funding of Projects



#### Background

- St. Augustine is the oldest continuously occupied settlement of European and African-American origin in the United States
- 6 million visitors each year; \$1 Billion in tourism
- City population, less than 15,000 past 50 years = small tax base







## Background

#### Current City Challenges (stormwater):

- Aging infrastructure
- Undersized collection system
- Low-lying and coastal location (within a flood zone)
- Highly developed (high impervious area)
- Subject to flooding both from rainfall and tidal influence

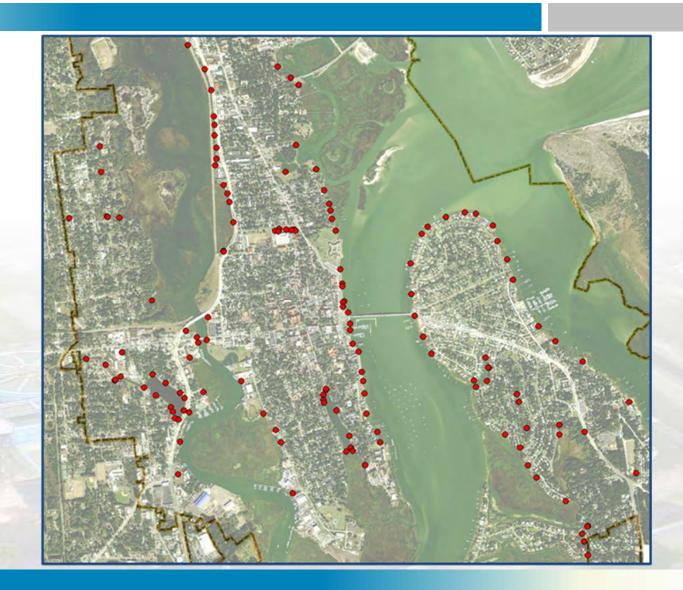




# Background

# Stormwater Infrastructure:

- 103 Outfalls Tidally Influenced
- 949 Storm Inlets
- 20 miles of pipe





#### **Planning Efforts**

- Planning for Sea Level Rise in the Matanzas Basin (2015)<sup>1</sup>
- ✓ Community Resilience
   Initiative Pilot Project
   (2016 2017)
  - Coastal Vulnerability Assessment<sup>2</sup>
  - Strategic Adaptation Plan<sup>3</sup>

UF FLORIDA

#### PLANNING FOR SEA LEVEL RISE IN THE MATANZAS BASIN

NATIONAL ESTUARINE Research Reserve System Science Collaborative

**Opportunities for Adaptation** 201

#### Coastal Vulnerability Assessment: City of St. Augustine, Florida

This publication was funded in part, through a goant agreement from the Florids Department of Environmental Protection, Florida Coastal Management Program, by a goant provided by the Office for Coastal Management raider the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, as amended, National Oceasae and Atmosphere Administration Award No. NATISNO54190052. The views, attenneuts, Endings, conditions and recommendations enpresed basein are those of the awthor(s) and do not measuring reflect the views of the State of Florida, NOAA on any of their unb-agencies.

June 24, 2016

Florida Community Resiliency Initiative Pilot Project

> Adaptation Plan for St. Augustine, Florida

> > May 2017



## **Planning Efforts**

Coastal Vulnerability Assessment evaluated 3 types of coastal flooding:

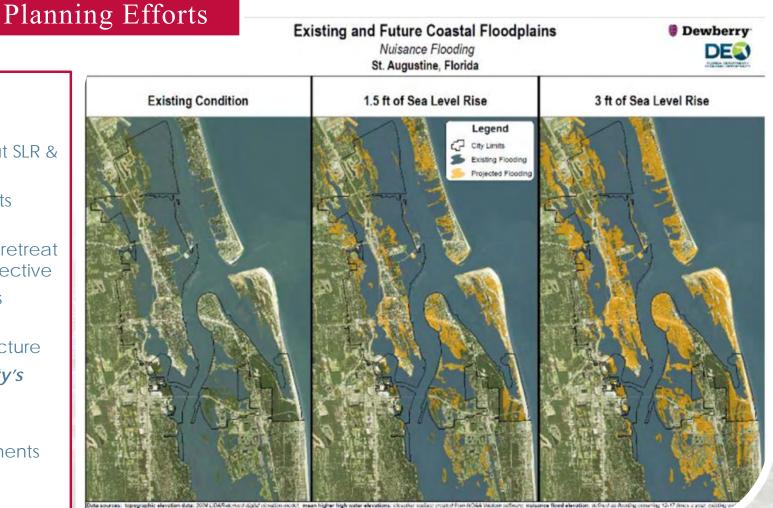
- Mean Higher High Water (MHHW)
- Nuisance flooding
- 1% annual chance (i.e. 100-year flood)





# Strategic Adaptation Plan:

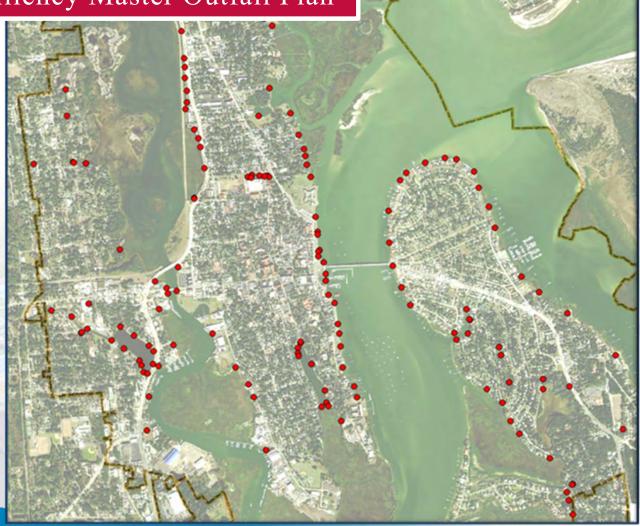
- Educate the public about SLR & policy responses
- ✓ Develop baseline budgets
- Adopt policies that limit spending in areas where retreat or re-design are more effective
- ✓ Base decisions on FEMA's updated FIRMs
- ✓ Install LID/Green infrastructure
- Targeted upgrades to City's stormwater system
- ✓ WWTP options
- ✓ FDOT roadway improvements for resiliency
- ✓ Historic Preservation Comprehensive Plan



ta sources: topographic elevation data; 2004 EDAR-scienced digital closation model; mean higher high water elevations: closation surface created from AOAA Vastum sufficier; no 3 /5/1 sensitived through NEMA-grauper and aenoticity levator; its annual drance flood elevation; protensiony sola trom 2017 (1 IBA Vasti insumice Elitity update



- 1. Data collection
- 2. Coordination with FDOT
- 3. Comprehensive Outfall Atlas
- *4. Field Confirmation of Outfall Data*
- Future Resiliency & Adaptation Criteria Evaluation
- 6. Outfall Improvement Assessment & Prioritization
- 7. Master Plan





#### 1. Data collection, compilation and review:

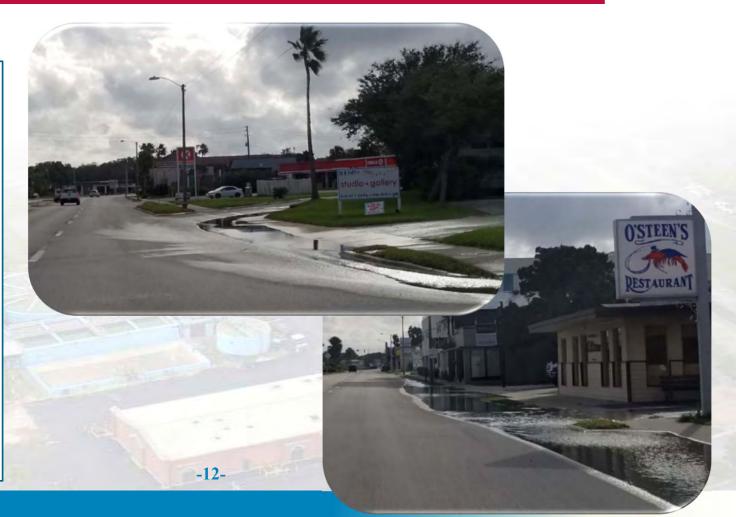
- a. City GIS information (boundary, infrastructure, environmental, hydrographic, etc.).
- b. City previous study and model information (Stormwater Master Plan, Coastal Vulnerability Assessment etc.)
- c. City drainage map atlas and plans archives relative to drainage system location and improvements.

- d. Historical aerials from City, County, FDOT, and other relevant sources.
- e. Latest topographical information in LiDAR derived format from St. Johns County.
- f. City complaint logs, records, or other information related to known flooding locations and flood prone areas based on inland runoff or tide impacts.
- g. City standard GIS data model prepared by City's consultant Jones Edmunds and Associates.

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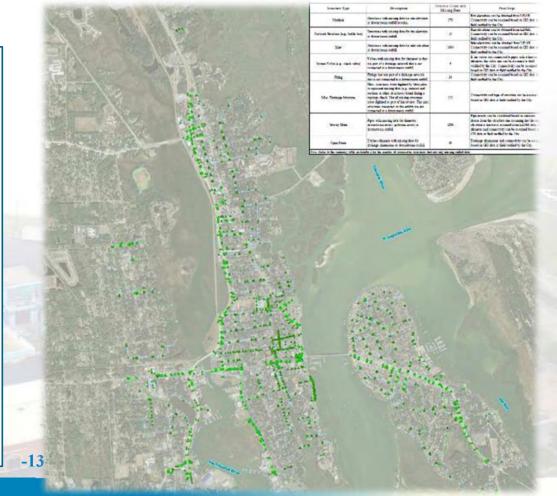
- 2. Coordination with FDOT
  - a. City storm
    infrastructure ties into
    FDOT storm
    infrastructure on a
    number of major FDOT
    roads
  - b. Flooding resulting from FDOT outfalls within City roads
  - c. Collaborate with FDOT on a prioritization of retrofits





#### 3. Comprehensive Outfall Atlas

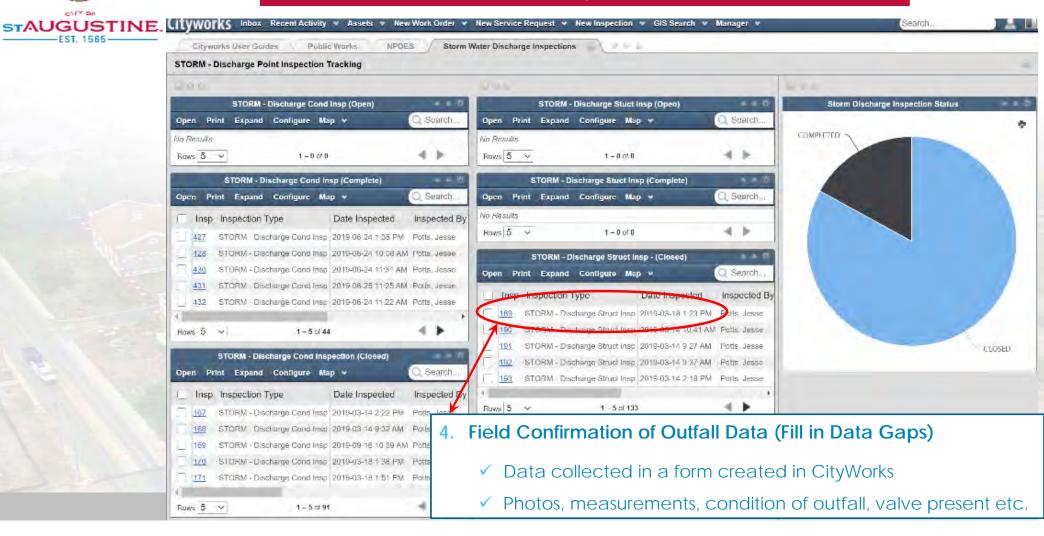
- Multiple data sets exist (City, FDOT, NPDES). Data compiled into one set to represent the complete "existing conditions" of the City's GIS stormwater infrastructure.
- b. Stormwater systems are connected in a topologically consistent manner to create drainage networks capable of effectively assessing stormwater interconnects.
- c. Data gaps identified (missing elevation, dimensions, outfall info etc.)





- 4. Field Confirmation of Outfall Data (Fill in Data Gaps)
- ✓ Each outfall inspected
- ✓ Outfall and condition assessed
- ✓ Measurements taken
- Data collected in a custom form created in CityWorks
- Can be utilized for NPDES and CRS reporting and documentation







#### 4. Field Confirmation of Outfall Data (Fill in Data Gaps)

- Data collected in a form created in CityWorks
- Photos, measurements, condition of outfall, valve present etc.

Inspection	👻 🖂 Ema		Print 🚽 Sav	e 🗹 Close	
Inspection	Details				
Type:	STORM - Dischard	ge Struct In	isp		
Insp Id:	189	~			
Location:	178 RIBERIA ST.	Saint Augu	stine		
Submit To:	Beach, Jessica L	~	Date:	03/13/2019 9:09 AM	1 🛗
Inspected By:	Potts, Jesse	×	Insp. Date:	03/18/2019 1:23 PM	A 🛗
Status:	Closed	Ý	Resolution:	City Issue	×
Activity Type:		~	Weather:		~
Temperature:		~	Rain in last 3	1	~
omments	_		days?		
Comments:	Duck bill valve,	cleaned s	everal weeks pric	or to mapection	
Comments: Repair ecommendations:	Duck bill valve,	cieaned s	everal weeks prid	of to inspection	
Repair	Duck bill valve,	cleaned s	everal weeks prid	of to hispection	
Repair ecommendations:			everal weeks prid		

Discharge Structure Diameter (inches only add number)	2
48	
Sedimentation	1
Not Visible 🗸	
Discharge Structure Shape	
Circular 🗸	
Discharge Structure Material	1
RCP Y	
/alve Present	2
Yes	
Condition of Valve	1
Good 🗸	
Depth of ground to top of pipe (ft) - only enter number	2
0000	
Discharge Structure Invert (ft) - only enter number	1
10	
Clear Answers	



#### 5. Future Resiliency & Adaptation Criteria Evaluation

- a. Assess the City's current outfall program with respect to future resiliency and adaptation to future conditions.
- b. This effort will include a future hydrological impact evaluation to project applicable rainfall intensity/depth/duration impacts and sea-level rise to support adaptation strategies as part of the outfall improvement evaluations. An appropriate future panning horizon will be identified (e.g., 2050) for infrastructure improvement planning purposes.
- c. Incorporate existing and/or future private development and redevelopment within the City, into the master plan goals.
- d. This could include updates to the City's code of ordinances to include impact fees, or other policy guidance recommendations, that would help offset the City's cost burden to install city-wide backflow prevention that benefits businesses and residents.



# 6. Outfall Improvement Assessment & Prioritization

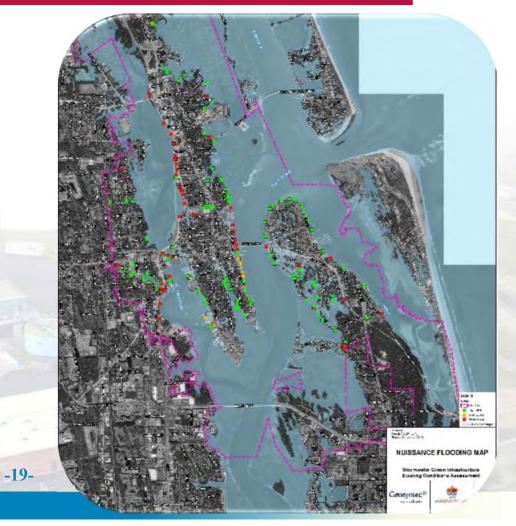
- a. Improvement recommendations such as: backflow prevention, ID capacity and/or connection issues, easement/right-of-way issues; pipe material issues (e.g., existing clay storm sewers), and obstructions such as buried pipes, silting, sedimentation, oyster mounds, rocks, decks, pylons, etc., that could block/ inhibit/ impact backflow installation
- b. Estimates of peak runoff flows to outfalls for design storms with expected peak tailwater stages at each outfall based on normal tailwater (mean water), current mean high-water tide, and projected future tide scenarios based on climate change impacts from the FDEO study.
- c. Flood stage inundation backwater analysis will be conducted at each outfall system using LiDAR and identified tailwater conditions. The inundation extents and depths will be evaluated under current and future storm stage and high-tide scenarios.

- c. Improvement recommendations will be developed for each outfall based. Opportunities to piggy-back improvement measures with other planned infrastructure improvements will also be considered.
- d. Outfall prioritization will be weighted to take into account resiliency, contributing area served, cost, permit-ability, constructability, flood mitigation, water quality improvements, longterm maintenance impacts, public safety, proximity to critical City assets, aesthetics, socioeconomics, political divisions, and other relevant criteria. This data will be used to support the City's evaluation of the sufficiency of the stormwater utility to help fund projects under a 10-year capital improvement program (CIP).



#### 7. Master Plan

- a. The results of the previous tasks will be compiled into a comprehensive stormwater resiliency master outfall plan.
- b. Utilized to prioritize projects through the CIP process.
- c. Ability to seek alternative funding to support the CIP.





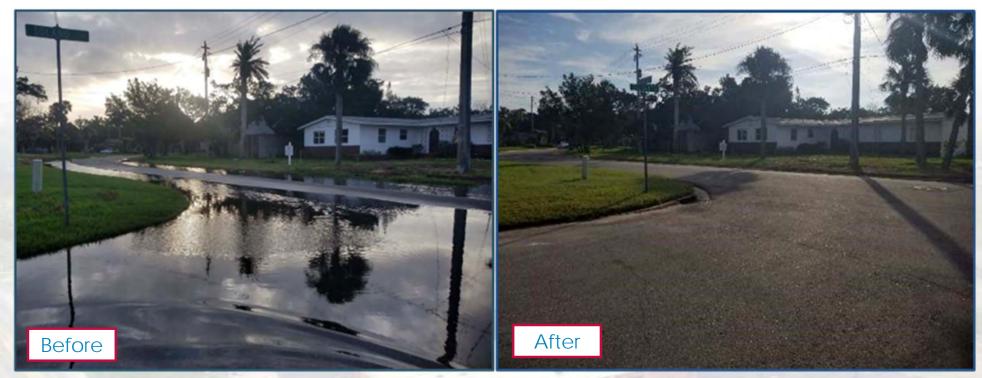
## Davis Shores –

- 27 Outfalls
- Retrofitted with Tideflex Checkmate<sup>3</sup> and WaPro WaStop<sup>4</sup> Inline Check Valves









Davis Shores – 27 Outfalls Retrofitted with Tideflex Checkmate<sup>3</sup> and WaPro WaStop<sup>4</sup> Inline Check Valves



## Macaris-

Geosyntec<sup>▶</sup>

consultants

2 Outfalls

Retrofitted with WaPro WaStop<sup>4</sup> Inline Check Valves

# Implementation of Resiliency Projects





Macaris – 2 Outfalls Retrofitted with WaPro WaStop<sup>4</sup> Inline Check Valves



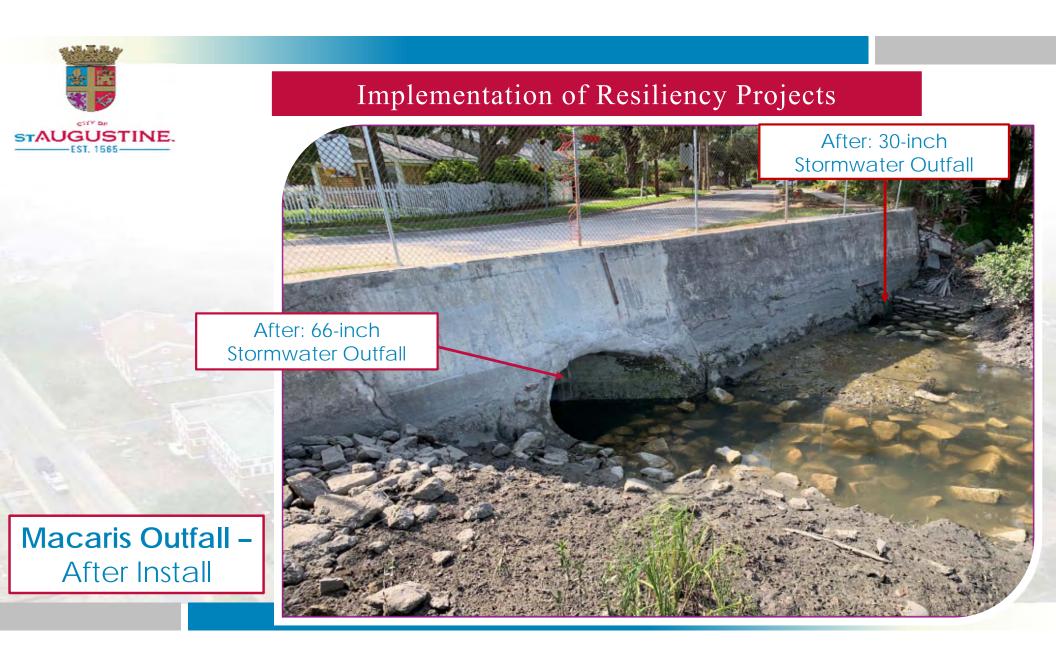


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#### Macaris Outfall -

- Pre-cleaned and flushed the pipe
- Installed partial plug in pipe
- Desilted outfall area
- Valve installation







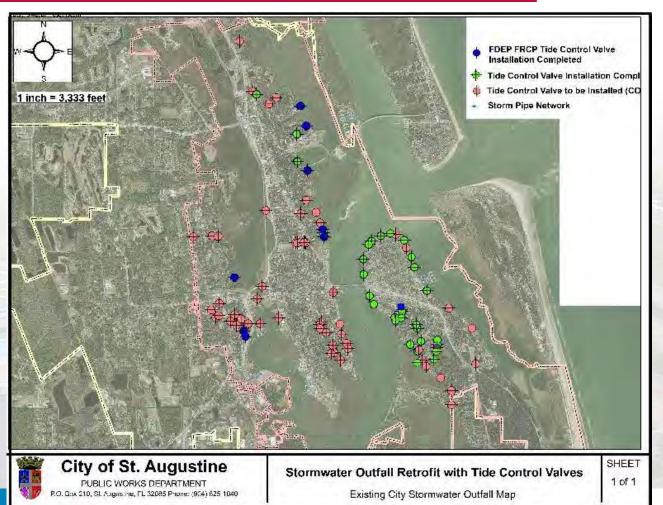


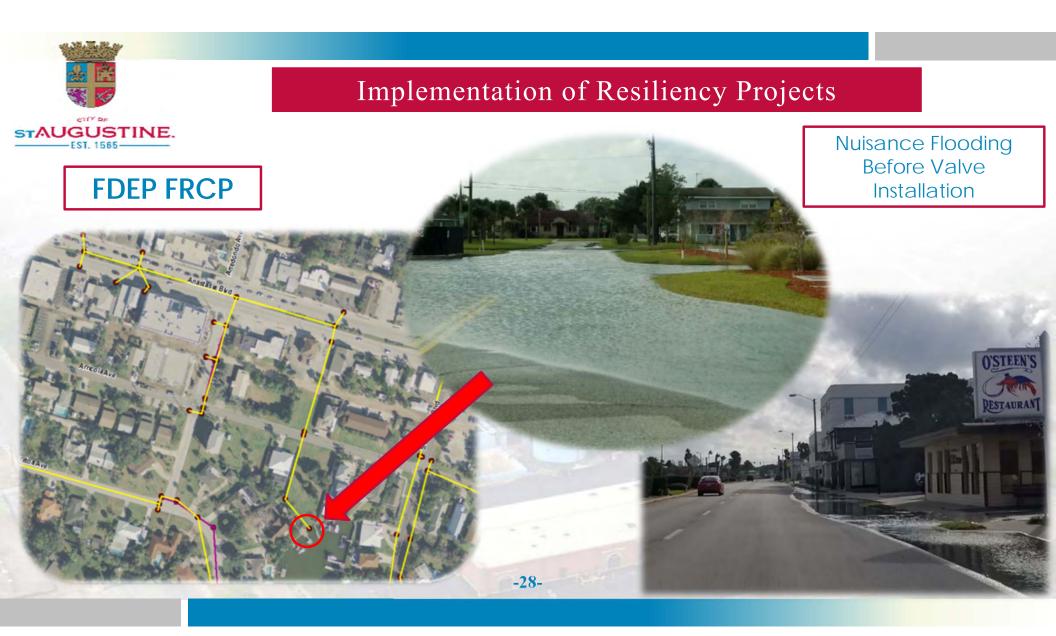




#### FDEP Florida Resilient Coastlines Program (FRCP) Grant for 10 more outfalls

- City selected 10 additional outfalls for retrofitting with tide check valves
- Blue dots are the valves as part of the grant
- Green dots are completed retrofits
- Red dots are outfalls that remain for retrofitting













#### Grant Funding for Implementation of Projects

#### St Johns River Water Management District 7

- ✓ Cost-Share Funding programs available:
  - ✓ District-wide
  - ✓ Redi-Innovative
  - ✓ Agricultural
  - Central Florid Water Initiative Planning Area
- Projects that benefit at least one of the 4 District core missions
- ✓ Program info:

https://www.sjrwmd.com/localgovernments/funding/



#### Water quality

Projects might include water quality/nutrient-loading reduction.



#### **Flood** protection

Projects should address flood protection issues on a local, intermediate or regional scale.



#### Water supply

Projects might include water conservation, alternative water supply development or water resource development.



Natural systems restoration

Projects should show measurable resource benefits to streams, lakes, wetlands, springs or aquifers.



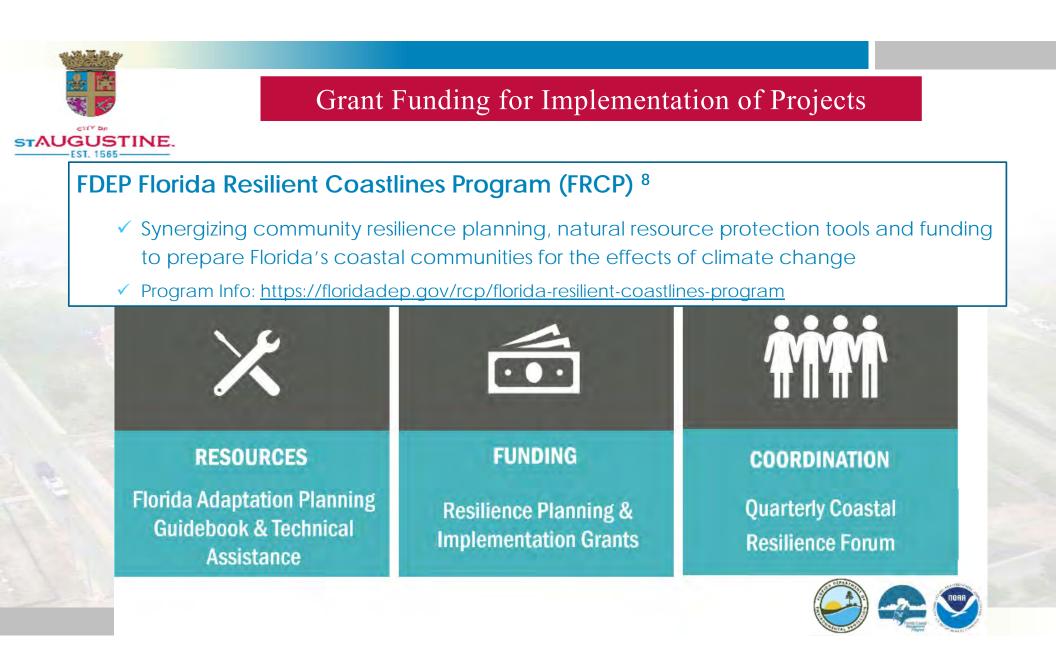


#### Grant Funding for Implementation of Projects

#### St Johns River Water Management District

- ✓ Not covered O&M, design, studies etc.
- Covers up to 33% of construction costs
- ✓ Contracts begin October
- Stick to the project schedule and scope
- Reporting requirements bi-weekly (informal), quarterly progress reports and invoicing
- Keep your grant project manger apprized of any project changes
- Caution in mixing with other grant funding as it could impact project schedule







#### **FDEP FRCP**

- Resilience Implementation Grant
- Website has a number of resources, forms and helpful information
- Pay attention to your contract timeframes and requirements
- Quarterly reporting and invoicing – prompt reporting
- Work with your grant program project manager

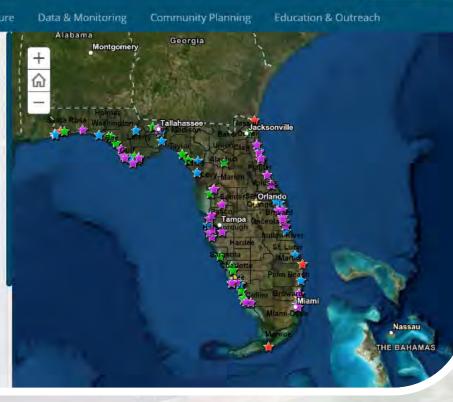
### Grant Funding for Implementation of Projects

#### **DEP Resiliency**

Resiliency Natural Infrastructure

For Florida's coastal communities. resilience is the ability to recover quickly from disasters and to adapt to future conditions such as sea level rise. The Florida Resilient Coastlines Program is DEP's effort to synergize community resilience planning, natural resource protection tools, and funding to prepare Florida's coastline for the effects of climate change, especially rising sea levels. DEP's vision is that Florida's coastal communities are resilient and prepared for the effects of rising sea levels, including coastal flooding, erosion and ecosystem changes. Our history of protecting, preserving and restoring habitats has set the stage for this continuing effort.

We continue to partner with federal, regional, state and local



Florida Resilient Coastlines Program



# Grant Funding (SJRWMD) – Davis Shores

	Cost Comparison* (2017 data*)	24-inch In House Install	30-inch In House Install	30-inch Contractor Install
Geosyntec <sup>D</sup> consultants	Materials + Valve + Labor	\$8,678	\$11,068	
WAPRO	Cost Savings	\$21,930.82	\$19,541	\$30,609
Red Valve Tidefter	% Cost Savings	72%	64%	2 ADA
St. Johns River	Cost Share Funding - SJRWMD	33% Construction Costs -35-	Total Project Costs (COSA): \$198,000 SJRWMD Cost Share: \$61,189	



# Grant Funding (SJRWMD) - Macaris

	Task	Schedule	Comment
Geosyntec <sup>D</sup> consultants	Design	Dec. 2017 – Nov. 2018	Included cost share application support
WAPRO	30-inch Valve Install	Valve – 3 weeks Installation – < 1 day	Self-performed install \$11,130* (*includes valve, labor, materials)
HENANDOAH	66-inch Valve Install	Valve – custom order – 3 months (12 weeks) Installation – 1 week	Contractor install \$98,457* (*includes valve, labor, materials)
St. Johns River Water Management District	Cost Share Funding - SJRWMD	<ul> <li>Application - Feb. 2018</li> <li>Grant Award - Apr. 2018</li> <li>Contract - Oct. 2018 - Sept. 2019</li> <li>-36-</li> </ul>	Total Project Cost = \$109,587 (COSA) 33% Reimbursable Construction Costs \$36,164 (SJRWMD)



# Grant Funding (FDEP FRCP) – 10 More Outfalls

	Task	Schedule	Comment
A STRATEGY OF A	Grant Duration	<ul> <li>Award – July 2019</li> <li>Execution – October 2019</li> <li>Contract End Date – June 30, 2020</li> </ul>	Implementation Grant 100% Reimbursable Construction Costs up to \$155,641
	Field Evaluation and Priority List of Outfalls	<ul> <li>November 2019 - February 2020</li> <li>Order valves based on finalized list - February 2020</li> </ul>	Need to consider valve order/delivery lead time, especially for larger valves
WAPRO	Installation	Valve Delivery – 2 -12 weeks* Installation – < 1 day -37-	\$155,641 Self-performed install (*includes valve, labor, materials)



# **References and Recognition**







Red Valve Tideflex?





- 1. Planning in the Matanzas Basin: Opportunities for Adaptation. Kathryn Frank, Ph.D.; Michael Volk, MLA; Dawn Jourdan, Ph.D., Esq.; August 2015.
- 2. Coastal Vulnerability Assessment: City of St., Augustine, FL. June 2016. <u>https://www.citystaug.com/570/Coast</u> al-Vulnerability
- 3. Florida Community Resiliency Initiative Pilot Project: Adaptation Plan for St. Augustine, FL. May 2017.

https://www.citystaug.com/570/Coast al-Vulnerability

4. Tideflex Technologies - Tideflex Checkmate Ultraflex Slip-in Inline Check Valves.

http://www.redvalve.com/tideflex/tide flex-products/checkmate-inline-checkvalve/ -38-

- 5. Wapro Wastop Inline Check Valve. <u>http://www.wapro.com/en-</u> <u>us/content/wastopr-inline-check-valve</u>
- Photo credits: Alamy Stock Photo Sean Pavone (bridge at sea), Rob Clement (Castillo de San Marcos), AP Photo – John Bazemore (flooding at bayfront/fort),
- 7. St Johns River Water Management District Cost Share Programs –Dale Jenkins, Division Director, Email: <u>drjenkins@sjrwmd.com</u> <u>https://www.sjrwmd.com/localgovernments/</u> <u>funding/</u>
- 8. Florida Department of Environmental Protection Florida Resilient Grant Program – Whitney Gray, Program Administrator, email: Whitney.Gray@FloridaDEP.gov



Presentation Questions & Answers

# **Contact Information**

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