## Total Immersion: What's in Lee County Waterways?

### Microbial Source Tracking in Lee County Waterways











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June 16, 2022



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### **Project Team**

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### **Urban Water Quality Degradation**







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### North Fort Myers Nutrient & Bacteria Study 2017-2020



- High water tables in NFM = septic systems can't function
- Groundwater & surface water were influenced by human waste
  - High fecal indicator bacteria, ammonium, nitrate, sucralose, pharmaceuticals, & δ<sup>15</sup>N
- Conclusion: Evidence of human waste throughout NFM, so decreased reliance on septic systems may improve water quality



# Where else might there be human waste contamination in unincorporated Lee County?











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## Purpose and Design

- 1. Identify areas where human waste may be a contributing factor to waters impaired for nutrients &/or bacteria (areas with septic tanks along impaired waterways)
- 2. Sample discrete neighborhood outfall locations to ascertain distinct sources
- 3. Identify neighborhoods that might benefit from replacement of septic systems with central sewer or other alternatives





### Methods

- 25 surface water sites
  - Caloosahatchee River Estuary
  - Freshwater Creeks
  - Drainage Canals
  - Ditches
- Sampled 8 times 01/20 01/21
- Samples analyzed for:
  - ✓ Nutrients (N & P)
  - ✓ Fecal indicator bacteria
  - ✓ Chemical tracers
  - ✓ Molecular tracer: HF183
  - ✓Nitrate stable isotopes





## **Nutrient Pollution**

- Excess nitrogen (N) & phosphorus (P)
  - Water quality degradation
  - Harmful algal blooms
  - Depletes dissolved oxygen
  - Fish kills
  - Habitat loss
- FDEP water quality standards
  - Total nitrogen < 1.54 mg/L
  - Total phosphorus < 0.12 mg/L</li>





## Nitrogen Results

- 4 sites (16%) **exceeded** FDEP total nitrogen standard (> 1.54 mg/L)
- 15 sites (60%) had high ammonium (> 0.06 mg/L)
- 5 sites (20%) had <u>very high</u>
  <u>ammonium</u>!! (> 0.20 mg/L)
- 1 site had high nitrate (>0.21 mg/L)





North Shore Park 12/07/2021



#### Site # Site Name

- 1 Billy Creek
- 2 Briarcliff
- 3 Daughtry Creek
- 4 Deep Lagoon
- 5 Fort Myers Shores
- 6 Hendry Creek
- 7 Heritage Farms
- 8 Lake McGregor
- 9 Laurelin Court
- 10 Ligon Court
- 11 Mobile Manor
- 12 North Town
- 13 Orange River
- 14 Overlook Drive
- 15 Page Park
- 16 Pine Island
- 16B Pine Island 02
- 17 San Carlos Park
- 18 Summerwood Drive
- 19 Tidewater Island 01
- 20 Tidewater Island 02
- 21 Waterway Estates 01
- 22 Waterway Estates 02
- 23 Yacht Club
- 24 Reference







### Phosphorus Results

- 9 sites (36%) exceeded
  FDEP total phosphorus
  standard (> 0.12 mg/L)
- 9 sites (36%) had high soluble reactive phosphorus (> 0.08 mg/L)











Site #

Site Name





### **Fecal Indicator Bacteria**

- Enterococci & *E. coli* gauge human health risk from fecal pathogens
- Enterococci > 130 MPN/100mL = health hazard (EPA, 2012)
- *E. coli* > 410 MPN/100mL = health hazard (EPA, 2012)

EPA. (2012). Recreational water quality criteria. Health and Ecological Criteria Division OoSaT, 42.





### Enterococci Results

- 16 sites (64%) exceeded FDEP standard (> 130 MPN/100mL)
- 9 sites (36%) had <u>very high enterococci</u> (> 770 MPN/100mL)
- Enterococci correlated with ammonium (r = 0.48, p < 0.001)</li>





### E. coli Results

- 13 sites (52%) exceeded FDEP standard (> 410 MPN/100mL)
- 4 sites (16%) had <u>very high E. coli</u> (> 775 MPN/100mL)
- *E. coli* correlated with ammonium (r = 0.18, p = 0.01)





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- 19 Tidewater Island 01
- 20 Tidewater Island 02
- 21 Waterway Estates 01
- 22 Waterway Estates 02
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## **Chemical Tracers of Human Waste**

- Artificial Sweetener
  - **Sucralose** not removed in wastewater treatment, persists in the environment
- Pharmaceuticals
  - Carbamazepine partially removed in wastewater treatment
  - Ibuprofen near-complete removal in wastewater treatment
    - Best chemical indicator of untreated human waste



HO

CL

HO





 $CH_3$ 

OH

HO.

OH



Splend





### **Artificial Sweetener Results**

- 16 sites (64%) had high sucralose (> 380 ng/L)
- 4 sites (16%) had very high sucralose (> 1,100 ng/L)
- Sucralose correlated with ammonium (r = 0.31, p < 0.001)</li>
- Sucralose not correlated with fecal indicator bacteria (p > 0.1)







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### Pharmaceutical Tracer Results

- 8 sites (32%) had high carbamazepine (> 0.8 ng/L)
- 4 sites (16%) had <u>very high</u> carbamazepine (> 3.4 ng/L)
- 1 site (4%) had high ibuprofen
  (> 20 ng/L)







#### Site # Site Name **Billy Creek** 1 2 Briarcliff Daughtry Creek 3 4 Deep Lagoon Fort Myers Shores 5 Hendry Creek 6 Heritage Farms 7 8 Lake McGregor Laurelin Court 9 10 Ligon Court 11 Mobile Manor 12 North Town 13 Orange River 14 **Overlook Drive** Page Park 15 Pine Island 16 16B Pine Island 02 San Carlos Park 17 18 Summerwood Drive Tidewater Island 01 19 Tidewater Island 02 20 21 Waterway Estates 01 22 Waterway Estates 02 Yacht Club 23 24 Reference









Site # Site Name

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## Molecular Tracer of Human Waste

- <u>Bacteroides HF183</u> = Reliable indicator of human fecal pollution
- Half-life < 8 days in the environment
- Wastewater treatment reduces HF183 compared to raw sewage
- Concentrations exceeding 525 copies/100mL = health hazard (Boehm and Soller, 2020)

Boehm, A. B., & Soller, J. A. (2020). Refined ambient water quality thresholds for humanassociated fecal indicator HF183 for recreational waters with and without co-occurring gull fecal contamination. Microbial Risk Analysis, 16, 100139.



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## HF183 Results

- HF183 <u>detected in 50% of samples</u> and at least once at 22 sites (88%)
- 4 sites (16%) had high HF183 (>525 copies/100mL)
- 3 sites (12%) had <u>very high HF183</u> (>1,400 copies/100mL)
- HF183 correlated with *E. coli* (r = 0.29, p < 0.001)
- HF183 **correlated** with enterococci (r = 0.32, p < 0.001)
- HF183 **correlated** with ammonium (r = 0.24, p < 0.001)





#### Site Name Site #

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## Dual Isotope Method

- $\delta^{15}N-NO_3^- \& \delta^{18}O-NO_3^-$  can discriminate between nitrate sources
- Can **only** be done when nitrate is high enough







### Nitrate Stable Isotope Results

- 3 sites had high values
  (>7‰) human waste
- 16 sites had intermediate values (2 to 7‰) – mixed
- 6 sites had low values (<2 %) fertilizer</li>







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## Site Specific Summaries

All data were compiled & holistically evaluated for each site





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### San Carlos Park







Vatural

Resources

HF183 Enterococci E. Coli



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### **Research Conclusions**

- Multiple lines of evidence show some level of human waste contamination at every site
  - Severity highly variable
  - Few seasonal effects observed
- Sites with high tidal flushing have confounding factors









### Management Considerations

- Sites with persistent contamination may benefit from infrastructure improvements
- Management options are costly. A solid, defensible scientific understanding is necessary to create effective management strategies.
- Lee County planned this research in coordination with HBOI-FAU to fill information gaps
- The deeper understanding gained from this research can guide the County, and the results will be integrated into the Countywide Wastewater Management Plan





## Acknowledgements

### Lee County Department of Natural Resources

• Roland Ottolini, David Reycraft, & Bruce Westberry

### Lee County Environmental Lab

•Rick Armstrong & Mishel Mullan

### **Florida Department of Environmental Protection**

•Julie Espy, David Whiting, John Watts, & Cheryl Swanson

### **HBOI-FAU**

•Diana Baladi









### Questions?

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